## **TEEN** SICK JUDGE PROCEDURES OR RULES

The "Sick Judge Procedures or Rules" refer to the procedures to take when one of the judges is not able to complete his or her duties throughout all of the competitions. The rules for Miss America's Outstanding Teen Local Pageants follow the guidelines that have been created by the Miss America Organization for "Miss" competition Sick Judge Procedures. The Miss America Organization's Sick Judge Procedures have been modified slightly to accommodate the subtle differences of the Miss America's Outstanding Teen Local Programs.

## Case #1 - No Change in number of judges throughout all of the competitions

- In this case, all judges complete all phases of competitions.
- Judges score each phase of competition, with each contestant's high and low score in each phase of competition dropped by the auditors, except for Scholastic Achievement and the Final Ballot where the high and low scores are not dropped.
- The remaining scores are added together and multiplied by the weight of the competition as applicable (a phase of competition worth 35% of the score is multiplied by 3.5; 30% by 3.0; 25% by 2.5; 20% by 2; 15% by 1.5; 10% by 1.0; 5% by 0.5).

## <u>Case #2</u> - A Judge does not complete the first <u>phase</u> of competition

- The auditors must discard the scores of the judge who had to leave <u>during</u> the <u>first</u> phase of competition and could not complete the first phase. The first phase of competition is typically the Private Interviews, but not always.
- If the original panel had only five judges, the high and low scores **ARE NOT** dropped and the pageant proceeds with four judges. If the original panel had either six or seven judges, the high and low scores ARE dropped.
- The remaining scores are added together and multiplied by the weight of the competition as applicable (a phase of competition worth 35% of the score is multiplied by 3.5; 30% by 3.0; 25% by 2.5; 20% by 2; 15% by 1.5; 10% by 1.0; 5% by 0.5).

## Case #3 - A judge completes at least one competition phase but does not complete all of the others

- The scores of the "sick judge" are NOT discarded for those COMPLETED phases of competition. However, if the judge had to leave in the middle of a competition, all scores for that particular competition would be discarded.
- All remaining competitions are adjusted to represent the original number of judges. Please see the three scenarios below to learn how to properly adjust the scores for the particular number of judges of the panel in question.

- Scenario #1: If the Original Panel had Five Judges In the remaining phases of competition, the high and low scores are NOT dropped. All scores given by the remaining four judges for each of the remaining competitions are added together and multiplied by 0.75 and then multiplied by the weight of competition (a phase of competition worth 35% of the score is multiplied by 3.5; 30% by 3.0; 25% by 2.5; 20% by 2; 15% by 1.5; 10% by 1.0; 5% by 0.5). The reason for this is because, in a normal situation with 5 judges, the high and low score for each contestant would be discarded and that would leave three scores. In this case, the high and low have not been dropped and all four scores have counted. The auditor must multiply the score by 0.75 to adjust those points to equate those four scores to the three judges' scores that are necessary to duplicate the results of a five-judge panel.
- Scenario #2: If the Original Panel had Six Judges In the remaining phases of competition, the high and low scores ARE dropped. All scores given by the remaining five judges for each of the remaining competitions are added together and multiplied by 1.33 and then multiplied by the weight of competition (a phase of competition worth 35% of the score is multiplied by 3.5; 30% by 3.0; 25% by 2.5; 20% by 2; 15% by 1.5; 10% by 1.0; 5% by 0.5). In a normal situation, the high and low scores for each contestant would be dropped and the auditors would add together the four remaining scores. When a judge leaves after completing at least one phase of competition, each contestant's high and low score in each phase of competition are dropped, leaving three scores for the auditors to add together. After these three scores are added together, the auditors will then multiply that total by 1.33 to equate those three scores to the four scores that are necessary to duplicate the results of a six-judge panel.
- Scenario #3: If the Original Panel had Seven Judges In the remaining phases of competition, the high and low scores ARE dropped. All scores given by the remaining six judges for each of the remaining competitions are added together and multiplied by 1.25 and then multiplied by the weight of competition (a phase of competition worth 35% of the score is multiplied by 3.5; 30% by 3.0; 25% by 2.5; 20% by 2; 15% by 1.5; 10% by 1.0; 5% by 0.5). In a normal situation, the high and low scores for each contestant would be dropped and the auditors would add together the five remaining scores. When a judge leaves after completing at least one phase of competition, each contestant's high and low score in each phase of competition are dropped, leaving three scores for the auditors to add together. Once these four scores are added together, the auditors will then multiply that total by 1.25 to equate those four scores to the five scores that are necessary to duplicate the results of a seven-judge panel.